BMO 2024 Wealth Planning Facts & Figures **Retirement Planning**

RRSP & TFSA Contribution Limits

RRSP Contribution Limit – 18% of previous year's earned income to a maximum of:	2024 - \$31,560
	2025 - \$32,490
	2026 - Indexed to average wage growth
TFSA Contribution Limit	2024 - \$7,000
	2025 - \$7,000*
FHSA Contribution Limit	2024 - \$8,000

Withholding Tax Rates for RRSP and **RRIF**** Withdrawals

Amount	Quebec	All Other Provinces
Up to \$5,000	19%	10%
\$5,001 to \$15,000	24%	20%
Over \$15,000	29%	30%

RRIF Minimum Withdrawals

Fair market value of RRIF on December 31 of previous year multiplied by prescribed factors below					
Age	%	Age	%	Age	%
60	3.33	72	5.40	84	8.08
61	3.45	73	5.53	85	8.51
62	3.57	74	5.67	86	8.99
63	3.70	75	5.82	87	9.55
64	3.85	76	5.98	88	10.21
65	4.00	77	6.17	89	10.99
66	4.17	78	6.36	90	11.92
67	4.35	79	6.58	91	13.06
68	4.55	80	6.82	92	14.49
69	4.76	81	7.08	93	16.34
70	5.00	82	7.38	94	18.79
71	5.28	83	7.71	95+	20.00

Government Pensions & Allowances

	CPP & QPP	0AS	GIS	Allowances
Eligibility	Employees & self-employed	Canadian citizens & residents	Low income OAS recipients	Spouse of OAS recipients (widows & widowers)
Maximum Pension (approx.)	\$16,375.20 / year \$1,364.60 / month	Ages 65 to 74 \$8,560.20 / year \$713.34 / month Ages 75+ \$9,416.04 / year \$784.67 / month	Single: \$12,785.64 / year Spouse: \$7,696.20 / year	Spouse: \$16,256.28 / year Survivor: \$19,378.68 / year
Taxable	Yes	Yes	No	No
Indexed for Inflation	Yes, adjusted annually	Yes, adjusted quarterly	Yes, adjusted quarterly	Yes, adjusted quarterly
Full Benefit Age	65	65	65	Paid only if 60 to 64
Earliest Eligibility	60 with benefit reduced	65	65	Paid only if 60 to 64
Clawback	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Payable Outside Canada	Yes	Under certain conditions	6 months maximum	6 months maximum

Source: CPP/QPP/OAS Quarterly Report - Rates and Related Figures for January to March 2024. Visit canada.ca for updated figures.

Clawback or Income Level Cut-off

Type of Benefits	Clawback/Cut-off
	Clawback when net income is between \$90,997 to \$148,065 (or \$153,771 for ages 75+)
OAS	OAS clawback is equal to 15% of the amount by which your net income (including OAS) exceeds \$90,997
	Full repayment of OAS when net income is above \$148,065 (or \$153,771 for ages 75+)
	Single: cut-off at \$21,624
	Spouse/common-law partner of someone who:
GIS - does not receive an OAS pension: cut-off at \$51,840 (combined incom	
	- receives the full OAS pension: cut-off at \$28,560 (combined income)
	- is an Allowance recipient: cut-off at \$39,984 (combined income)
Allowance	Cut-off at \$39,984 (combined income)
Allowance for Survivor	Cut-off at \$29,112 (individual income)

Source: CPP/QPP/OAS Quarterly Report - Rates and Related Figures for January to March 2024. Visit canada.ca for updated figures.

Important Dates Important RESP Limits Last Trade Date to Settle Self-employed Business Tax Quarterly Deadlines -· Lifetime contribution limit per beneficiary \$50,000 Trades in Calendar Year 2024 Filing Deadline Personal Tax Installments Maximum total CESG limit per beneficiary \$7,200 for Canadian and U.S. Stocks June 15, 2024 March 15, 2024 · Basic CESG rate on the first \$2,500 of annual contributions 20% December 30, 2024** Individual Tax Filing Deadline June 15, 2024 **RESP Contribution Deadline** Additional CESG rate on the first \$500 or less of RESP contributions made in respect April 30, 2024 September 15, 2024 December 31, 2024 December 15, 2024 of a beneficiary, based on the adjusted family net income of the beneficiary's primary caregiver. If net family income is: Family Loan Interest Deadline for 2024 Interest Payments - \$55.867 or less 20% January 30, 2025 - Between \$55,867 and \$111,733 .10% Expected RRSP Contribution CESG annual limit per beneficiary*** \$500 Deadline for 2024 Tax Year March 1, 2025

Canada Pension Plan & Quebec Pension Plan

Type of Benefit	CPP Monthly Maximum Amount as of January 2024	QPP Monthly Maximum Amount as of January 2024	
Retirement (at age 65)	\$1,364.60	\$1,364.60	
Post-retirement Benefit (CPP) (at age 65)	\$44.46	n/a	
Retirement Pension Supplement (QPP)	n/a	\$34.71	
Disability	\$1,606.78	\$1,606.75	
Survivor – Younger Than 65	\$739.31	(see Note 1)	
Survivor – 65 and Older	\$818.76	\$822.14	
Children of Disabled Contributor	\$294.12	\$93.39	
Children of Deceased Contributor	\$294.12	\$294.12	
Death (maximum one-time payment)	\$2,500.00	\$2,500.00	
	Combined Benefits		
Survivor/Retirement (retirement at 65)			
Survivor/Disability	\$1,613.54	variable	
Note 1: Maximum	Monthly QPP Survivor Benefit - Yo	ounger than 65	
Under Age 45, Not Disabled, No Child \$668.91			
Under Age 45, Not Disabled, Wit	\$1,061.12		
Under Age 45, Disabled	\$1,102.80		
QPP Survivors - Age 45 to 64 \$1,102.80			
Source: CPP/QPP/OAS Quarterly Report – Rates and Related Figures for January to March 2024. Visit canada.ca for updated figures.			

RRSP Overcontribution Rules

- · A monthly penalty tax of 1% is applied to RRSP contributions made in excess of your maximum contribution limits.
- If an individual is over the age of 18, they are entitled to a cumulative overcontribution limit of \$2,000 to an RRSP before the penalty tax is applied.

Spousal RRSP Rules

- Any amounts that may be contributed to an individual's own plan under their personal RRSP deduction limit may be contributed to a Spousal RRSP instead.
- For a 2024 withdrawal, the contributor declares income if contributions were made to any Spousal RRSP in 2022, 2023 or 2024.
- Contributions to a Spousal RRSP may be made by a contributing spouse up to, and including, the year their spouse turns 71 (tax deductible to contributing spouse), provided the contributor has available RRSP contribution room.

TFSA Contribution Limits

- TFSA annual contribution limits are indexed to inflation and will increase in \$500 increments.
- Individuals must be the age of majority in their province of residence to open a TFSA. In BC,
- NS, NB, Newfoundland, Yukon, Northwest Territories and Nunavut, the age of majority is 19.
- If you've never contributed to a TFSA, were at least 18 years of age in 2009, and have been a Canadian resident since then, your 2024 contribution limit will be \$95,000.



Subject to possible \$500 increase due to indexing.

^{**} On amounts over the annual minimum payment.

^{***} In the case of unused CESG room, catch-up payments eligible for grant subject to: (i) Lifetime limit of \$7,200, and (ii) Annual limit of \$1,000.

**** It is proposed that in May 2024, the standard settlement cycle is shortened to one day after trade date (T + 1) from the current standard of two days after trade date (T + 2).

2024 Top Marginal Personal Tax Rates¹

(Combined Federal and Provincial Tax Rates)

	Interest & Ordinary Income	Capital Gains	Eligible Dividends	Non-eligible Dividends
Alberta	48.00%	24.00%	34.31%	42.31%
British Columbia	53.50%	26.75%	36.54%	48.89%
Manitoba	50.40%	25.20%	37.78%	46.67%
New Brunswick	52.50%	26.25%	32.40%	46.83%
Newfoundland & Labrador	54.80%	27.40%	46.20%	48.96%
NWT	47.05%	23.53%	28.33%	36.82%
Nova Scotia	54.00%	27.00%	41.58%	48.28%
Nunavut	44.50%	22.25%	33.08%	37.79%
Ontario	53.53%	26.77%	39.34%	47.74%
PEI	51.75%	25.88%	36.20%	47.63%
Quebec	53.31%	26.66%	40.11%	48.70%
Saskatchewan	47.50%	23.75%	29.64%	40.86%
Yukon	48.00%	24.00%	28.93%	44.04%

Probate Fees (For Estates Over \$50,000)†

Alberta	\$275 to \$525
British Columbia	\$150 + 1.4% of portion >\$50,000
Manitoba	Nil
New Brunswick	\$100 + 0.5% of portion >\$20,000
Newfoundland & Labrador	\$60 + 0.6% of portion >\$1,000
NWT	\$215 to \$435
Nova Scotia	\$1,003 + 1.695% of portion >\$100,000
Nunavut	\$330 to \$425
Ontario	1.5% of portion >\$50,000
PEI	\$400 + 0.4% of portion >\$100,000
Quebec	Nominal fee ^{††}
Saskatchewan	0.7% of estate
Yukon	\$140

2024 Canadian Controlled Private Corporations ("CCPC") Rates

(Combined Federal and Provincial/Territorial Tax Rates effective January 1, 2024)

	Active Busin	Investment Income	
Jurisdiction	Active Business Income to \$500K (%) ³	Greater than 500K (%)	(%)
Federal	9.0	15.0	38.67
Alberta	11.0	23.0	46.67
British Columbia	11.0	27.0	50.67
Manitoba	9.0	27.0	50.67
New Brunswick ³	11.5	29.0	52.67
Newfoundland & Labrador	12.0	30.0	53.67
NWT	11.0	26.5	50.17
Nova Scotia	11.5	29.0	52.67
Nunavut	12.0	27.0	50.67
Ontario ³	12.2	26.5	50.17
Prince Edward Island	10.0	31.0	54.67
Quebec	12.2 ⁴	26.5	50.17
Saskatchewan	10.5 ⁵	27.0	50.67
Yukon	9.0	27.0	50.67

U.S. Taxes

U.S. Estate Taxes‡	
Exclusion Amounts (applicable to U.S. citizens)	USD \$13.61M
Unified Credit Amount Available to U.S. Citizens	USD \$5,389,800
Highest U.S. Estate Tax Rate	40%
U.S. Source Payments	U.S. Income Tax Withheld#
Interest	Generally exempt
Dividends Paid On U.S. Securities Held Inside an RRSP/RRIF/LIRA/LIF/LRIF	Exempt
Dividends Paid On U.S. Securities Held Outside RRSP/RRIF (e.g. TFSA, RESP, FHSA, Non-registered accounts)	Generally 15%

Attribution Rules

Type of Income	Gift	No or Low Interest Loan	Prescribed Rate Loan		
Interest & Dividends	Attributed to giftor	Attributed to lender	No attribution		
Capital Gains	Attributed to giftor	Attributed to lender	No attribution		
2 nd Generation Income	No attribution	No attribution	No attribution		
	Recipient: Child under 18				
Interest & Dividends	Attributed to giftor	Attributed to lender	No attribution		
Capital Gains	No attribution	No attribution	No attribution		
2 nd Generation Income	No attribution	No attribution	No attribution		

2024 Key Non-Refundable Federal Tax Credits

Personal Tax Credits as Percentage of Base Amounts			
Tax Credit Percentage Value			
Charitable Donations	First \$200	15%	
Chantable bollations	Amount over \$200§	29% or 33%	
Dividend Tax Credit	Eligible	15.02%	
(on grossed-up amount)	Non-eligible	9.0301%	

Federal Amounts		
Tax Credit		Dollar Value
Basic/Spouse/Partner ^{§§}		\$15,705
Age 65		\$8,790
Disability	Basic	\$9,872
	Under 18 supplement	\$5,758
Canada Caregiver Amount	For infirm dependants such as: parents, grandparents, brothers, sisters, or close relatives	\$8,375
Canada Caregiver Amount	For an infirm dependant spouse or common- law partner, an infirm dependant for whom the individual claims an eligible dependant credit, or an infirm child under age 18	\$2,616
Pension Income Amount		\$2,000

\$1,016,836 Capital Gains Exemption on Qualifying Small Business Corporation Shares (General Rules)

- Small Business Corporation: substantially all (90% or more) of the Canadian-controlled private corporation's assets must be used in carrying on an active business in Canada.
- Only business share owner or "related" person can have owned shares for 24-month period prior to shares being sold.
- Throughout the 24-month period prior to sale of shares, more than 50% of corporation's assets must have been used principally in an active business carried on in Canada.
- This table outlines the 2024 top combined Federal and provincial/territorial marginal personal tax rates. The rates apply to taxable incomes over \$246,752 in all jurisdictions with the exception of the following thresholds: \$252,752 in British Columbia, \$355,845 in Alberta, \$500,000 in Yukon and \$1,103,478 in Newfoundland. Reflects general (non-manufacturing and processing) rates.
- * Reviets general (non-maintacturing and processing) rates.*

 ** Reviets general (non-maintacturing and processing and processing and processing and process capital exceeds \$10 million. However, note that both Ontario and New Brunswick did not parallel this Federal measure for provincial tax purposes.
- Quebec CCPCs are required to meet the "activities" test or "hours paid" test to be eligible for the province's regular CCPC rate of 3.2%.

 The provincial SBD threshold is \$600,000 (the rate that applies to active business income from \$500,000 to \$600,000 is 16.5%).

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- for some provinces and territories, different rates may apply to smaller estates (less than \$50,000).

 If although Quebec does not levy probate fees, Wills (other than notarial Wills) must be authenticated by a verification procedure by the Superior Court of Quebec. A nominal fee applies. Canadian resident (non U.S. citizen) will have a potential U.S. estate tax liability if U.S. assets > USD \$60,000 and worldwide assets > USD \$13.61M.

 If Per Canada-U.S. Tax Treaty.

- § The calculation of the Federal charatrable donation at x credit was previously amended to allow higher income donors to claim a 33% Federal tax credit, but only on the portion of donations made from income that is subject to the 33% top marginal tax rate.
 § The Basic Personal Amount, Spouse or Common-Law Partner and the Eligible Dependant Credit are \$15,705 in 2024 (the bottom of the fourth tax bracket) and will be eliminated for individuals with net incomes over \$246,752 in 2024 (the threshold for the top tax bracket). These higher income individuals would not benefit from this increase but would instead continue to receive the existing credits, which are indexed each year to inflation (\$14,156 in 2024).

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